

2015-2016 EDUCATION SURVEY RESULTS

PRE-LICENSURE RN PROGRAMS

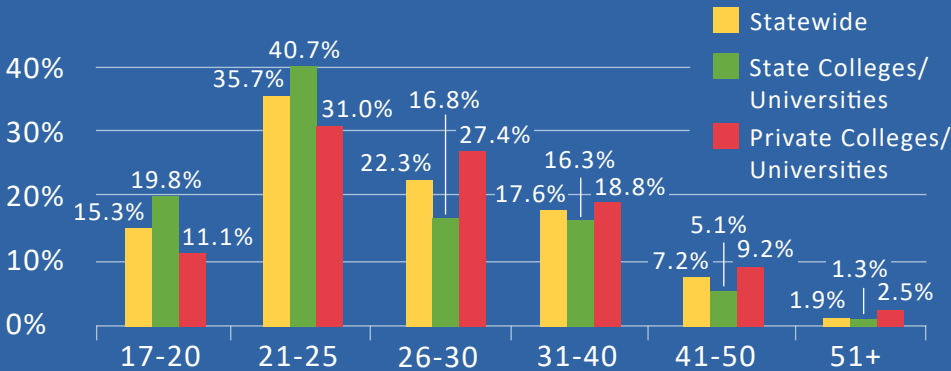
EACH YEAR the Florida Center for Nursing surveys nursing programs in the state to analyze trends in nursing education capacity and faculty supply and demand. The information below represents the key findings regarding the **PRE-LICENSURE RN** (Associate Degree in Nursing –ADN and Bachelor of Science in Nursing –BSN) education system in Florida.

SURVEY RESPONSE RATES were 47% for schools with ADN programs and 51% for schools with BSN programs.

HIGHER RATES were observed in Florida College System programs at 81% and State University System programs at 100%; these schools are referred to as “State Colleges/Universities” in this summary. All other responding schools are referred to as “Private Colleges/Universities”. Response rates for private schools with ADN programs was 38% and 42% for those with BSN programs.

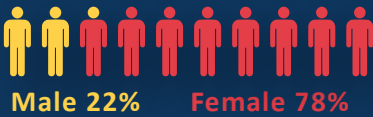
AGE OF NURSING STUDENTS

Overall, 58% of pre-licensure students are in the 21-30 age group.

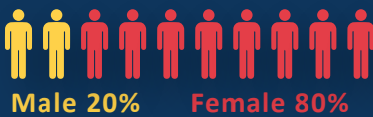


GENDER OF NURSING STUDENTS

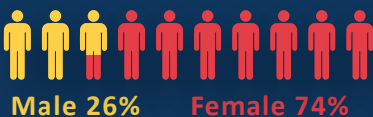
Statewide:



State Colleges/Universities:

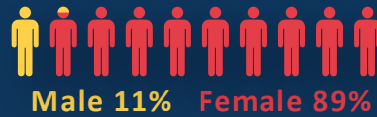


Private Colleges/Universities:

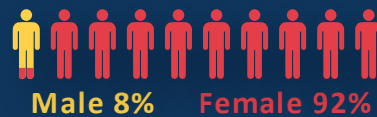


GENDER OF NURSING FACULTY

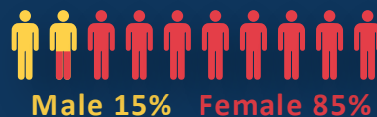
Statewide:



State Colleges/Universities:



Private Colleges/Universities:



Nursing students and faculty are predominately **FEMALE**



18,379
pre-licensure RN students

TAUGHT BY

2,679
full-time and part-time faculty



49.6%
of all enrollees are in STATE COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES



8,044
pre-licensure nursing graduates are prepared to take the

NCLEX-RN EXAM

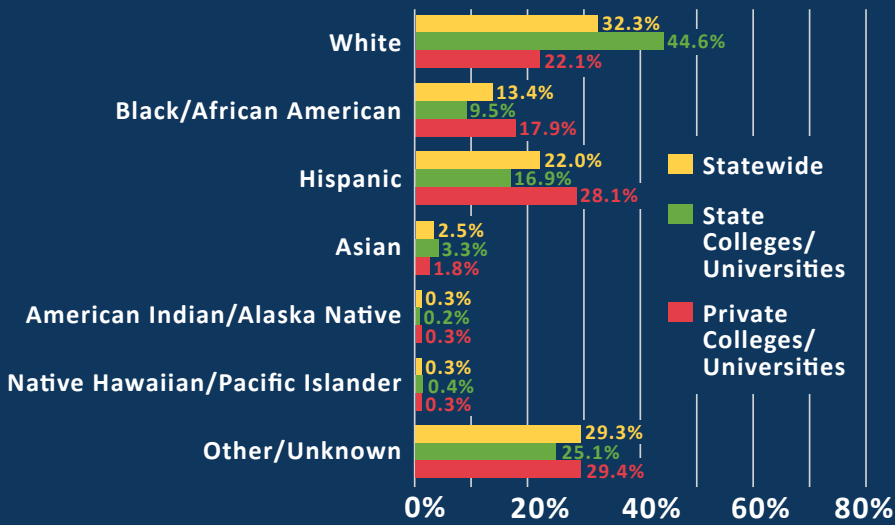
to be employed in entry-level RN positions



63.6%
of nurses who reported they work in an academic setting are OVER THE AGE OF 50

(According to the 2014-2015 nurse supply survey)

RACE/ETHNICITY OF NURSING STUDENTS



BARRIERS TO FACULTY RECRUITMENT

(Corrected February 10, 2017)

Pre-licensure programs cite a non-competitive salary and a limited qualified applicant pool as the primary barriers to faculty recruitment.



Limited Qualified Applicant Pool

68 total (64.8%) : 27 total (69.2%) : 41 total (62.1%)

Salary Not Competitive

63 total (60.0%) : 33 total (84.6%) : 30 total (45.5%)

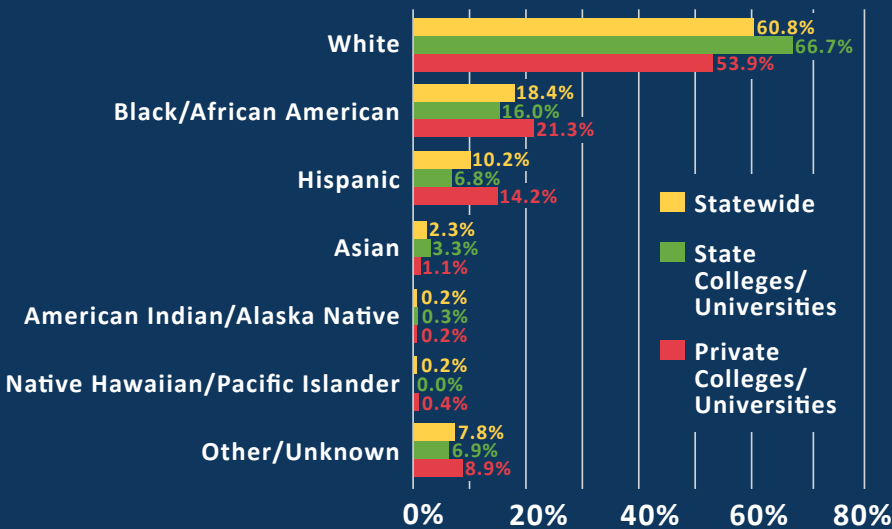
Geographic Location

17 total (16.2%) : 8 total (20.5%) : 9 total (13.6%)

Cost of Living






6 total (5.7%) : 3 total (7.7%) : 3 total (4.5%)

RACE/ETHNICITY OF NURSING FACULTY



BARRIERS MAXIMIZING PROGRAM CAPACITY

A limited number of clinical sites is the number one factor that prevented the admission of more students in state pre-licensure programs. On the other hand, private pre-licensure programs cite a lack of qualified student applicants as the primary barrier to maximizing program capacity.

| | Statewide | State Colleges/Universities | Private Colleges/Universities |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
|  Limited Clinical Sites | 46 total (43.8%) | 28 total (71.8%) | 18 total (27.3%) |
|  Lack of Qualified Student Applicants | 36 total (34.3%) | 6 total (15.4%) | 30 total (45.5%) |
|  Lack of Campus Resources | 30 total (28.6%) | 16 total (41.0%) | 14 total (21.2%) |
|  Lack of Qualified Faculty Applicants | 19 total (18.1%) | 9 total (23.1%) | 10 total (15.2%) |
|  Lack of Funds to Hire Faculty | 19 total (18.1%) | 15 total (38.5%) | 4 total (6.1%) |